

# **Officials**

# What is a concussion?

A concussion is a brain injury that can't be seen on x-rays, CT, or MRI scans. It affects the way a player or an official thinks and can cause a variety of symptoms.

#### What causes a concussion?

Any blow to the head, face, or neck, or somewhere else on the body that causes a sudden jarring of the head may cause a concussion. Examples include getting body-checked in Ringette or hitting one's head on the ice.

### When should I suspect a concussion?

A concussion should be suspected if a player or official sustains an impact to the head, face, neck, or body and:

- demonstrates one or more observable signs of a suspected concussion, OR
- reports one or more symptoms of suspected concussion.

Some players or officials will develop symptoms immediately while others will develop delayed symptoms (up to 48 hours after the injury).

# What are the observable signs of a suspected concussion?

Signs of a concussion may include:

- Lying motionless on the ice.
- Unresponsive
- Slow to get up after a direct or indirect hit to the head
- Unsteady on feet, balance problems, poor co-ordination, wobbly
- Disorientation or confusion, or inability to respond appropriately to questions
- Blank or vacant stare
- Facial injury

# What are the symptoms of a suspected concussion?

A person does not need to be knocked out (lose consciousness) to have a concussion. Common symptoms include:

- Headaches or head pressure
- Dizziness
- Nausea or vomiting
- Blurred or fuzzy vision
- Sensitivity to light or sound
- Balance problems
- Feeling tired or having no energy
- Not thinking clearly
- "Don't feel right"

- Feeling more emotional, easily upset or angered
- Sadness
- Nervousness or anxiety
- Difficulty concentrating
- Difficulty remembering
- Feeling like "in a fog"
- Feeling slowed down
- Sleeping more or sleeping less
- Having a hard time falling asleep

### What should I do if I suspect a concussion?

In all cases of suspected concussion, the player or official should be removed from the activity immediately and undergo medical assessment as soon as possible. It is important that all players and officials with a concussion receive written medical clearance from a medical doctor or nurse practitioner before returning to sport activities with a risk of contact or falls.

#### When can the player or official return to school and sport?

It is important that all players or officials diagnosed with a concussion follow the **Return-to-School Strategy** (if applicable) and the **Ringette-Specific Return-to-Sport Strategy**. Note that these strategies begin at the same time, can happen concurrently and the first step of both is the same. It is important that players or officials return to full-time school activities, if applicable, and provide a medical clearance letter before progressing to step 4 of the Ringette-Specific Return-to-Sport Strategy.

# How long will it take for the player or official to recover?

Most players or officials who sustain a concussion will make a complete recovery within four weeks. Approximately 15-30% of patients will experience persisting symptoms (>4 weeks) that may require additional medical assessment and management.



# How can I help prevent concussions and their consequences?

Concussion prevention, recognition and management require players to follow the rules and regulations of their sport, respect other participants, avoid head contact and report suspected concussions.

#### Players

- Make sure that your helmet fits snugly & that the strap is fastened.
- Wear a custom-fitted mouthguard.
- Respect other players.
- No contact to the head.
- No contact from behind.
- Strong skill development.

# Coach / Trainer / Safety Person / Officials

- Eliminate all contacts to the head
- Eliminate contact from behind.
- Recognize sign & symptoms of a concussion.
- Inform & educate players about the risks of concussion.

To learn more about concussions visit:

www.parachute.ca/concussion

reviewed the above information	in related to corredssion.	
Printed name of Official	Signature of Official	
Printed name of Parent/Guardian	 Signature of Parent/Guardian	 Date

**Signatures:** The following signatures certify that the Official and their parent/guardian has



# Return-to-School Strategy

Step	Activity	Description
1	Activities of daily living & relative rest (First 24-48 hours)	Typical activities at home (e.g. preparing meals, social interactions, light walking). Minimize screen time.
	After a maximum of 24-48 hours aft	ter injury, progress to Step 2.
2	School activities with encouragement to return to school (as tolerated)	Homework, reading or other light cognitive activities at school or home.     Take breaks & adapt activities as needed.     Gradually resume screen time, as tolerated.
	If the student can tolerate school a	ctivities, progress to Step 3.
3	Part-time or full days at school with accommodations	Gradually reintroduce schoolwork.     Part-time school days with access to breaks & other accommodations may be required.     Gradually reduce accommodations related to the concussion and increase workload.
If student	t can tolerate full days without accomm 4.	odations for concussion, progress to Step
4	Return to school full-time	Return to full days at school & academic activities, without accommodations related to the concussion. For return to sport & physical activity, including physical education class, refer to the Ringette-Specific Return-to-Sport Strategy.
	Return to School	is complete.

# Ringette-Specific Return-to-Sport Strategy

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